

## 1. Product and Company Identification

Material name	Aluminum Bronze Alloys
Revision date	06-30-2011
Version #	04
CAS #	Mixture
Product code	C95200, C95210, C95220, C95400, C95420, C95500, C95510, C95600, C95700, C95800, C95900, AB2, ADV22, ADVANCE20, AMS-4640, AMS-4872, CA-104, CA954-A, CB954, CONCAST-380, CDA954JD, CLASS-1, CON-954, CuAl10Fe, CuAl10Fe2, CuAl10Ni, CuAl10Ni5, CuAl10Ni5F, CuAl10Ni-M, CuAl10NiP, CuAl11Ni, CuAl11Fe4, CuAl11FeNi, CuAl9Ni5Fe, RCB 954, Paper Rolls, Alumimium Bronze Solids
MSDS Number	1
Product use	Manufacturing
Manufacturer/Supplier	Concast Metal Products Company 131 Myoma Road (PO Box 816) Mars, PA 16046 dpl@concast.com or adk@concast.com Telephone 1-800-626-7071 Contact Person: Dominic LeMaire or Andy Krowsoski
Emergency	1-800-424-9300 Chemtrec (24-hrs)
2. Hazards Identification	
Physical state	Solid.
Appearance	Shapes, Solids, Tubes & Turnings.
Emergency overview	WARNING
	May cause allergic respiratory and skin reactions. Possible cancer hazard - may cause cancer based on animal data. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure.
	Warning: May Form Combustible (Explosive) Dust - Air Mixtures
OSHA regulatory status	This product is considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication).
Potential health effects	
Routes of exposure	Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.
Eyes	Molten material will produce thermal burns. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eyes. Acute exposure to cobalt metal, dust, and fume may cause irritation of skin and eyes.
Skin	May cause allergic skin reaction. Hot or molten material may produce thermal burns. Workers allergic to nickel may develop eczema or rashes. Acute exposure to cobalt metal, dust, and fume may cause irritation of skin and eyes. In sensitized individuals, exposure causes an asthma-like attack, with wheezing, bronchospasm, and dyspnea.
Inhalation	May cause allergic respiratory reaction. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. In sensitized individuals, exposure causes an asthma-like attack, with wheezing, bronchospasm, and dyspnea.
Ingestion	Not relevant, due to the form of the product in its manufactured and shipped state. However, ingestion of dusts generated during working operations may cause nausea and vomiting.
Target organs	Lungs.
Chronic effects	Contains nickel. Chronic inhalation of metallic oxide dust/fume may cause metal fume fever. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of iron oxide dust may lead to the lung disease known as Siderosis. Prolonged and repeated overexposure to dust and fumes can lead to benign pneumoconiosis (stannosis). The effects might be delayed. Heating above the melting point releases metallic oxides which may cause metal fume fever by inhalation. The symptoms are shivering, fever, malaise and muscular pain. Exposure to manganese fume/dust can affect the central nervous system (apathy, drowsiness, weakness and other chronic symptoms such as postural tremors).
Signs and symptoms	Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Coughing. Shortness of breath. Wheezing. Sensitization.

Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product contains a substance which may cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Components	CAS #	Percent
Copper	7440-50-8	71-90
Aluminum	7429-90-5	7-16
Manganese	7439-96-5	0-14
Iron	7439-89-6	2-6.5
Nickel	7440-02-0	0-6
Cobalt	7440-48-4	0-3
Silicon	7440-21-3	0-1.5
Zinc	7440-66-6	<0.5
Tin	7440-31-5	<0.3

**Composition comments** 

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

### 4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures	
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Remove any contact lenses. Flush eyes thoroughly with water, taking care to rinse under eyelids. If irritation persists, continue flushing for 15 minutes, rinsing from time to time under eyelids. If discomfort continues, consult a physician.
Skin contact	Contact with dust: Wash skin with soap and water. In case of allergic reaction or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and bring along these instructions. In case of contact with hot or molten product, cool rapidly with water and seek immediate medical attention. Do not attempt to remove molten product from skin because skin will tear easily. Cuts or abrasions should be treated promptly with thorough cleansing of the affected area.
Inhalation	In case of exposure to fumes or particulates: Get medical attention if discomfort persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly if dust is ingested. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Notes to physician	Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.
General advice	Get medical attention if any discomfort develops. Seek medical attention for all burns, regardless how minor they may seem. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable properties	Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an explosive mixture with air. In a fire, ferronickel may form highly toxic substances: iron carbonyl and nickel carbonyl, a known carcinogen.
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Special powder against metal fires. Dry sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media. Do not use water on molten metal: Explosion hazard could result.
Protection of firefighters	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for fire fighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
Hazardous combustion products	Metal oxides.

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

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Personal precautions	Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Do not contaminate water.
Methods for containment	Not applicable.
Methods for cleaning up	Allow spilled material to solidify and scrape up with shovels into a suitable container for recycle or disposal. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. If not possible, gently moisten dust before it is collected with shovel, broom or the like. The vacuum cleaner should be explosion-proofed. Avoid dust formation. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
Other information	Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.
7. Handling and Storage	
Handling	Welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations may generate fumes and dusts of metal oxides. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with sharp edges and hot surfaces. Avoid generation and spreading of dust and fumes. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with hot or molten material. Dust clouds may be explosive under certain conditions. Take precautionary measures against static discharges when there is a risk of dust explosion. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment if airborne dust levels are high. To prevent and minimize fire or explosion risk from static accumulation and discharge, effectively bond and/or ground product transfer system. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not use water on molten metal. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Keep the workplace clean. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Storage	Keep dry. Store away from incompatible materials.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

### **Occupational exposure limits**

### **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	
Copper (7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Tin (7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m3	

### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	PEL	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
Copper (7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (7439-96-5)	Ceiling	5 mg/m3	Fume.
Nickel (7440-02-0)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Silicon (7440-21-3)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
. ,		5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Tin (7440-31-5)	PEL	2 mg/m3	-

### Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Dust.
		5 mg/m3	Pyrophoric powder.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	
Copper (7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m3	
Tin (7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m3	

### Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	-
Copper (7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
Tin (7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m3	

#### Canada. Ontario OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
		10 mg/m3	Dust.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
Copper (7440-50-8)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
		1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
Iron (7439-89-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
Manganese (7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	C C
Nickel (7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable
Silicon (7440-21-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Tin (7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m3	

#### Canada. Quebec OELS. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	TWA	0.02 mg/m3	0
Copper (7440-50-8)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
		1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
Manganese (7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume.
		5 mg/m3	Dust.
Nickel (7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Silicon (7440-21-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Tin (7440-31-5)	TWA	2 mg/m3	
Mexico. Occupational Exp	oosure Limit Values		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Pyrophoric powder.
		10 mg/m3	Dust.
		5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
Copper (7440-50-8)	STEL	2 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		2 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
		1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
Manganese (7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume.
		0.2 mg/m3	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	TWA	1 mg/m3	
Silicon (7440-21-3)	STEL	20 mg/m3	
	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Tin (7440-31-5)	STEL	4 mg/m3	
	TWA	2 mg/m3	
osure guidelines	Follow standard monitoring procedures.		

#### **Engineering controls**

Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of dust. Ventilate as needed to control airborne dust. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment if airborne dust levels are high. Special ventilation should be used to convey finely divided metallic dust generated by grinding, sawing etc., in order to eliminate explosion hazards.

Personal protective equipment	
Eye / face protection	Wear dust-resistant safety goggles where there is danger of eye contact. In addition to safety glasses or goggles, a welding helmet with appropriate shaded shield is required during welding, burning, or brazing. A face shield is recommended, in addition to safety glasses or goggles, during sawing, grinding, or machining.
Skin protection	Wear suitable protective gloves to prevent cuts and abrasions. When material is heated, wear gloves to protect against thermal burns. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier. Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	When engineering controls are not sufficient to lower exposure levels below the applicable exposure limit, use a NIOSH approved respirator for dusts. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever work place conditions warrant a respirator's use. Seek advice from local supervisor. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of dust, use suitable respiratory equipment with particle filter.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated uniforms should be laundered separately from other clothing to prevent potential cross-contamination. If possible, an industrial laundry service should be used to eliminate the possibility of contaminating the home environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Observe any medical surveillance requirements.

## 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

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Appearance	Shapes, Solids, Tubes & Turnings.
Color	Yellow to red.
Odor	None.
Odor threshold	Not available.
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Solid. Shapes, Solids, Tubes & Turnings.
рН	Unknown.
Melting point	1814 - 1929.2 °F (990 - 1054 °C)
Freezing point	Not available.
Boiling point	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability limits in air, upper, % by volume	Not available.
Flammability limits in air, lower, % by volume	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Specific gravity	7.5 - 9
Solubility (water)	Insoluble.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Bulk density	0.27 - 0.323 lb/in <sup>3</sup> @ 68 F
10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information	
Chemical stability	Massive metal is stable and non reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Contact with acids will release flammable hydrogen gas. Avoid dust formation. Dust clouds may be explosive under certain conditions.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Ammonium nitrate. Fluoride. Halogens. Nitrates. Phosphorus. Strong oxidizing agents.

Acids. Ammonium nitrate. Fluoride. Halogens. Nitrates. Phosphorus. Strong oxidizing agents. incompatible materials Sulphur. Hazardous decomposition Welding, burning, sawing, brazing, grinding or machining operations may generate dusts and fumes of metal oxides.

Aluminum Bronze Alloys

products

### **11. Toxicological Information**

Toxicological data		
Components	Test Results	
Silicon (7440-21-3)	Acute Oral LD50 Rat: 3150 mg/kg	
Acute effects	Acute exposure to cobalt metal, dust, and fume may cause irritation of skin and eyes. In sensitized individuals, exposure causes an asthma-like attack, with wheezing, bronchospasm, and dyspnea. Ingestion of cobalt may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and a sensation of hotness. High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever.	
Local effects	May cause irritation through mechanical abrasion.	
Sensitization	May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.	
Chronic effects	Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Chr inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dust may lead to benign pneumocon (siderosis). Prolonged and repeated overexposure to dust and fumes can lead to benign pneumoconiosis (stannosis). Chronic exposure to breathing low levels of manganese dust o fume over a long period of time can result in "manganism," a disease of the central nervous system similar to Parkinson's Disease, gait impairment, muscle spasms and behavioral char Chronic inhalation of metallic oxide dust/fume may cause metal fume fever.	
Carcinogenicity	Possible cancer hazard - may cause cancer based on animal data.	
ACGIH Carcinogens		
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90 Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)		
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) IARC Monographs. Overall	A5 Not suspected as a human carcinogen. Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) US NTP Report on Carcinog	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. gens: Anticipated carcinogen	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Anticipated carcinogen.	
US NTP Report on Carcino	gens: Known carcinogen	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Known carcinogen.	
Epidemiology	Based on epidemiological studies, pre-existing pulmonary disorders may be aggravated by prolonged exposure to high concentrations of metal dust or fumes. Pre-existing skin condit including dermatitis might be aggravated by exposure to this product.	
Mutagenicity	Suspected of causing genetic defects.	
Neurological effects	Exposure to manganese fume/dust can affect the central nervous system (apathy, drowsiness, weakness and other chronic symptoms such as postural tremors).	
Reproductive effects	In experimental animal studies, cobalt produces adverse developmental effects at doses that produce maternal toxicity. There are no human data on cobalt exposure during pregnancy.	
Teratogenicity	Nickel: Has shown teratogenic effects in laboratory animals.	
Symptoms and target organs	Irritation of nose and throat. Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Coughing. Wheezing. Shortness of breath. Sensitization.	
Further information	Welding or plasma arc cutting of metal and alloys can generate ozone, nitric oxides and ultraviole radiation. Ozone overexposure may result in mucous membrane irritation or pulmonary discomfort. UV radiation can cause skin erythema and welders flash.	
12. Ecological Information	1	
Ecotoxicity	Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment. The product contains a substance which may cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.	
Persistence and degradability	The product is not biodegradable.	
Bioaccumulation / Accumulation	The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.	

### 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste codes	Not regulated.
Disposal instructions	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Waste from residues / unused products	Recover and recycle, if practical. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Not applicable.
14 Transport Information	

### 14. Transport Information

### DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

# IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### TDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

## 15. Regulatory Information

### **US** federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification(40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

### US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: De minimis concentration

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	1.0 %	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	0.1 %	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	1.0 %	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	1.0 %	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	0.1 %	
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)	1.0 %	
EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance		

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	Listed.
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	Listed.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Listed.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Listed.
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)	Listed.

### CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity (lbs) (40 CFR 302.4)

Copper: 5000 Nickel: 100 Zinc: 1000

US

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

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Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - Yes
Section 302 extremely hazardous substance (40 CRF 355, Appendix A)	No
Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370)	Yes
Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) (21 CFR 1308.11-15)	Not controlled

### WHMIS status WHMIS classification

#### WHMIS labeling



Inventory status

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Controlled

D2A - Other Toxic Effects-VERY TOXIC D2B - Other Toxic Effects-TOXIC

Country(s) or region	Inventory name On inventory ()	/es/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
*A "Yes" indicates that all compor	nents of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)	
State regulations	WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause can	cer.

#### US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

05 - Camornia Hazardous Substances (Director s). Listed Substance		
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	Listed.	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	Listed.	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	Listed.	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Listed.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Listed.	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	Listed.	
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)	Listed.	
US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproduc	tive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	Listed.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Listed.	
US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcino	genic substance	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	Listed: July 1, 1992 Carcinogenic.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Listed: October 1, 1989 Carcinogenic.	
US - Massachusetts RTK - Substance: Listed substance		
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	Listed.	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	Listed.	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	Listed.	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Listed.	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Listed.	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	Listed.	
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)	Listed.	
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)	Listed.	
US - New Jersey Community RTK (EHS Survey): Reportable threshold		
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	500 LBS	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	500 LBS	
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	500 LBS	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	500 LBS	
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)	500 LBS	

US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance		
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90	)-5)	Listed.
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8		Listed.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)		Listed.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		Listed.
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)		Listed.
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5)		Listed.
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)		Listed.
US - Pennsylvania RTK - Ha hazards	azardous Substances: All com	pounds of this substance are considered environmental
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)		LISTED
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8	)	LISTED
Manganese (CAS 7439-	96-5)	LISTED
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		LISTED
Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)		LISTED
•	azardous Substances: Listed s	substance
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90		Listed.
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)		Listed.
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8		Listed.
Manganese (CAS 7439-	96-5)	Listed.
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		Listed.
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)		Listed.
Tin (CAS 7440-31-5) Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)		Listed. Listed.
	azardous Substances: Special	
•	azardous Substances: Special	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		Special hazard.
16. Other Information		
Recommended use	Manufacturing	
Recommended restrictions	Use in accordance with suppl	ier's recommendations.
Further information	HMIS® is a registered trade a	and service mark of the NPCA.
Other information	None known.	
HMIS® ratings	Health: 2*	
	Flammability: 0	
	Physical hazard: 2 Personal protection: X	
NFPA ratings	Health: 2	
	Flammability: 0 Instability: 0	
	Special hazards: W	
Disclaimer	•	was obtained from industry sources that we believe to be reliable.
		rovided without any representation or warranty, expressed or implied
		rectness. The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use, and
		eyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and
		ume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage,
		any way connected with the handling, storage, use, or disposal of
	the product.	
Issue date	06-30-2011	